IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO EASTERN DIVISION

MICHAEL LEE GORDON,

Petitioner,

CASE NO. 2:15-CV-2680 JUDGE JAMES L. GRAHAM Magistrate Judge Michael R. Merz

v.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Respondent.

OPINION AND ORDER

On December 13, 2016, the Magistrate Judge issued a *Report and Recommendation* recommending that the petition for a writ of habeas corpus be dismissed with prejudice, and that the Court certify that any appeal would be objectively frivolous and that Petitioner should not be permitted to proceed *in forma pauperis* on appeal. (ECF No. 12.) Petitioner has filed a *Response in Opposition* to the Magistrate Judge's *Report and Recommendation*. (ECF No. 19.) Petitioner objects to the Magistrate Judge's recommendation of dismissal. He again claims that he is actually innocent in view of *Alleyne v. United States*, 570 U.S. --, 133 S.Ct. 2151 (2013)(holding that any fact that increases a mandatory minimum sentence for a crime must be found by a jury), and that he has properly brought such claim under 28 U.S.C. § 2241 rather than § 2255 under the "savings clause."

Habeas corpus is available to challenge the legality of a federal prisoner's detention pursuant to § 2241 only if the petitioner can show that "the remedy by motion [pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2255] is inadequate or ineffective to test the legality of his detention." 28 U.S.C. § 2255; *Charles*, 180 F.3d at 756. This phrase is known as the savings clause. *Charles*, 180 F.3d at 755.

Bannerman v. Snyder, 325 F.3d 722, 723 (6th Cir. 2003). However, "Alleyne neither supports Petitioner's claim of 'actual innocence,' nor does that decision aid him in demonstrating that his

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remedy under 2255 was inadequate or ineffective." Carter v. Coakley, No. 4:13-cv-1270, 2013

WL 3365139, at *3 (N.D. Ohio July 3, 2013)(Alleyne is a sentencing-error case that does not

serve as a basis for a claim of actual innocence)(citing Bannerman v. Snyder, 325 F.3d 722, 724

(2003)(internal citation omitted). Further, as noted by the Magistrate Judge, the United States

Court of Appeals for the Sixth Circuit has held that *Alleyne* is not to be retroactively applied to

cases on collateral review. *In re Mazzio*, 756 F.3d 487 (6th Cir. 2014).

Pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b), this Court has conducted a de novo review. For the

foregoing reasons and for the reasons discussed in the Magistrate Judge's Report and

Recommendation, Petitioner's objections (ECF No. 19) are OVERRULED. The Report and

Recommendation (ECF No. 12) is ADOPTED and AFFIRMED. This action is hereby

DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE.

The Court certifies pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a)(3) that any appeal would not be taken

in good faith, and Petitioner should not be permitted to proceed in forma pauperis on appeal.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

February 24, 2017

s/James L. Graham_

JAMES L. GRAHAM

United States District Judge

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